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15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
16	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
17	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION			
18	ORACLE AMERICA, INC.,	Case No. 3:10-cv-03561 WHA		
19	Plaintiff,	GOOGLE INC.'S PROPOSED		
20	v.	ADDITIONAL LANGUAGE FOR PATENT JURY INSTRUCTION NUMBER 23		
21	GOOGLE INC.,			
22	Defendant.	Dept.: Courtroom 8, 19 <sup>th</sup> Floor Judge: Hon. William Alsup		
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1	Pursuant to the Court's invitation at the charging conference, Google proposes that the			
2	Court add the following language to patent jury instruction number 23:			
3 4	To establish willful blindness, it is not enough under the law to show that there is merely a "known risk" that the induced acts are infringing, or that Google was only deliberately indifferent to that risk.			
5	The proposed language comes directly from Global-Tech Appliances, Inc. v. SEB S.A.,			
6	131 S. Ct. 2060 (2011), the case that recognized the possibility of willful blindness being applied			
7	to indirect infringement. Specifically, it is drawn from the following passage:			
8   9   10   11	The test applied by the Federal Circuit in this case departs from the proper willful blindness standard in two important respects. First, it permits a finding of knowledge when there is merely a "known risk" that the induced acts are infringing. Second, in demanding only "deliberate indifference" to that risk, the Federal Circuit's test does not require active efforts by an inducer to avoid knowing about the infringing nature of the activities.			
12	Id. at 2071 (emphases added).			
13	Dated: May 10, 2012		KEKER & VAN NEST LLP	
14	Dutcu. Way 10, 2012		/s/ Robert A. Van Nest	
15		By:	ROBERT A. VAN NEST	
16			Attorneys for Defendant GOOGLE INC.	
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	GOOGLE'S PROPOSED ADDITION	I I ANI	GUAGE FOR HIRV INSTRUCTION 23	

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